MONTHLY FACTSHEET AS OF 31/05/2024

Promotional document





Axiom Short Duration Bond Fund – Share Class RC EUR

Sub-fund of the Luxembourg SICAV: Axiom Lux

NAV & Monthly perf.

1124.6

Assets Under Management

€ 414M

Risk and reward profile1 High Risk Typically higher rewards **SFDR**



0.94% Asset manager Axiom Alternative Investments Legal structure Luxembourg SICAV: Axiom Lux Strategy inception date³ 08/14/2015 Sub-fund inception date³ Absorption the 01/11/2019 ISIN Code LU1876460061 M inimum subscription 1share Share class currency EUR Management fees 1.5% Entry charge 0% (2% max.) Exit charge 0% (2% max.) Performance fee None Type of share Accumulation

Valuation frequency Daily Cut-off and settlement day before 12.00 PM / 3 business days M ain risks

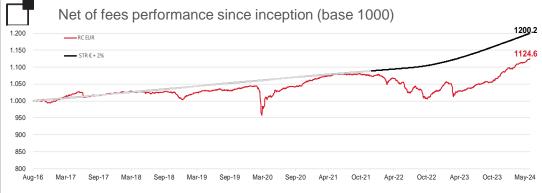
Investment objectives²

The objective of this Fund is to achieve, over a minimum 3-year investment horizon, a return net of management fees above the following benchmark: €STR capitalised⁴ +2%.

Historical performance

	r listorical performance								
	2017	201	18	2019	2020	2021	20)22	2023
Axiom Short Duration - RC EUR	2.58%	-1.7	4% 3	3.54%	1.75%	1.38%	-4.	14%	5.42%
€STR capitalised +2%	1.68%	1.70)% 1	.66%	1.59%	1.46%	2.0	00%	5.33%
	Annualized Performance ⁶			(Cumulated P	erformance ^l	6		
	3 years	5 years	Inception	1 month	YTD	1 year	3 years	5 years	Inception

	Annualized Performance ⁶		Cumulated Performance ⁶						
	3 years	5 years	Inception	1 month	YTD	1 year	3 years	5 years	Inception
Axiom Short Duration - RC EUR	1.41%	1.81%	1.52%	0.94%	3.51%	8.85%	4.29%	9.37%	12.46%
€STR capitalised +2%	3.56%	2.76%	2.38%	0.50%	2.50%	5.93%	11.07%	14.59%	20.02%



Key metrics⁵

Daily				
Cut-off and settlement day	Number of position	185	Yield to Maturity (in EUR)	5.35%
·	Volatility 3 years	1.92%	Yield to Call (in EUR)	4.99%
before 12.00 PM / 3 business days	Volatility 1 year	0.96%	Modified duration	1.58
M ain risks	Sharpe ratio 5 years	0.42	Credit sensitivity	2.13
Credit risk, counterparty risk, liquidity risk (for	oriarpo rado o youro	-0.06	Average rating by issuers (WARF)	A-
more information please refer to the Fund's prospectus)	Spread	184 bps	Average rating by instruments (WARI	BBB

Past performance is not indicative of future results

Source: Axiom Alternative Investments | The STR +2% index replaced the EURIBOR+2% as of the 2nd of December 2021. | 1 Risk and reward profile represents the annual historical volatility of the sub-fund over a 5-year period. Historical data such as that used to calculate the synthetic indicator may not be a reliable indication of the Fund's future risk profile. The risk category associated with the Fund is not guaranteed and may change over time. The lowest risk category does not mean "risk free". The capital initially invested is not guaranteed | 2 There is no guarantee that the investment objective will be achieved or that there will be a return on investment | 3 Fund created as a FCP under French law on 07/23/2009 before being absorbed by the SICAV Axiom Lux under Luxembourg law on 01/25/2019 | 4 More information about the indexes: https://www.ecb.europa.eu/stats/financial_markets_and_interest_rates/euro_short-term_rate/html/index.en.html | ⁵ Yield to maturity, excluding cash, in all currencies. Yield to maturity is the rate of return on the portfolio assuming that the securities are not redeemed and held in perpetuity | 6 Net of fees performances





Monthly commentary



ADRIAN PATURLE

Risk assets rallied in May as US treasuries recouped some of their April losses. US growth and inflation surprised to the downside, while the opposite is true in Europe. The yield on US 10y treasuries ended the month 20 bps lower at 4.5%, while Bund yields were 3 bps higher at 2.61%. The Seniorfin tightened from 63 to 59 bps, not far from its all-time low.

Central banks have turned slightly more hawkish following a series of disappointing inflation prints. In the US, annualized core PCE and core services PCE are still trending above 3%. In Europe, there was an upside surprise in negotiated wages driven by Germany bonus payments. May core HICP rose to 2.9%, with the services component reaching 4.1%. Overall, though wages are moderating, there is little evidence that inflation is reverting to 2%.

Primary markets remained buoyant. The fund participated in NordLB's Tier 2 bond at 5.625% and Grenke's senior bond at 5.75%. This enabled us to reinvest the numerous repayments made by insurance legacies such as Achmea and Groupama.

The reassuring results of German CRE specialists such as Deutsche Pfandbriefbank and Aareal have benefited their bonds, which are back to their levels of the start of the year.

These examples do not constitute an investment recommendation



Portfolio management and research team



David BENAMOU Managing Partner Chief Investment Officer



Jérôme LEGRAS Managing Partner Reseach diretor



Antonio ROMAN Partner Portfolio Managel



Adrian
PATURLE
Managing Partner
Portfolio manager



Paul GAGEY Portfolio Manager



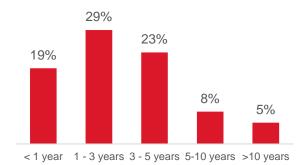
Laura RAMIREZ ESG Analyst



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Portfolio breakdown (in % of assets)



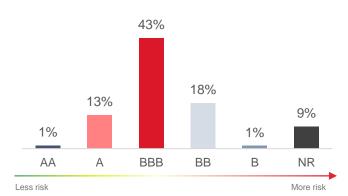


Breakdown by subordination¹

Top 5 issuers¹

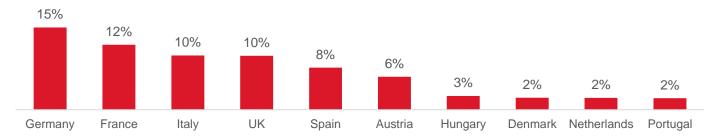
CNP ASSURANCES	3.06%
OTP BANK NYRT	2.24%
AXA SA	1.99%
UNICREDIT SPA	1.89%
SAXO BANK	1.82%

Breakdown by rating¹



39% 24% 5% 4% Senior & Hybrid Govies Corp Tier 2 Legacy AT1 Tier 1 Less risk More risk

Breakdown by country¹



Glossary

Debt subordination	The general principle is that when there is not enough money to pay all the debts, the subordinated debt will be paid after the other debts.
Tier 1	These securities do not have priority in the event of liquidation, they do not have a maturity date, their coupon is optional and cannot be accumulated. They are the riskiest debt securities and therefore offer some of the highest returns.
Legacy bonds	Hybrid debt that was eligible as regulatory capital under Basel 1 or Basel 2 and that is not eligible under Basel 3.
Contingent convertible (Coco)	Securities that can be converted into shares under certain circumstances, usually when a solvency ratio threshold has been crossed.

More information on our climate approach is available upon request.

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Our ESG and climate approach

Methodology

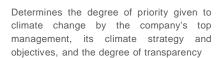
Our selection of holdings takes into account the following ESG criteria:

- Exclusion policy: determines the exclusions we make due to proven controversies, and sectoral or thematic restrictions.
- ACRS Axiom Climate Readiness Score: Our proprietary tool devised to analyze the climate readiness and impact of issuers.
- ESG database: ESG performance analysis of the companies and their rating.

Our climate approach

The fund takes into account the climate performance of banks and insurers in the following aspects







Evaluates the processes implemented and tools used to identify, measure and mitigate exposure to climate-related risks, as well as its approach to seizing the opportunities of the energy transition.



Assesses the share of the issuer's investments and/or loans in companies or financial instruments that contribute to the transition. In the case of banks, the implied temperature increase of the corporate loan portfolio is calculated.



ESG Key metrics

Axiom Short Duration Bond Fund

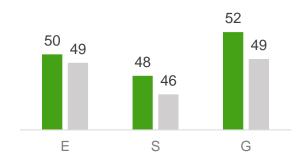
Investment universe

Key metrics

		SHORT ON BOND	Universe			
	Average	Issuer coverage	Average	lssuer coverage		
ACRS	42%	47	42%	76		
°C	2.7	71	2.8	96		
ESG	50	85	48	628		

The ACRS, implied temperature (°C) and ESG scores represent 42%, 63% and 75% of the fund's assets respectively (index & derivatives excluded).

ESG average ratings

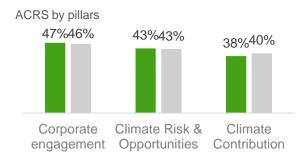


Top 5 holdings by ACRS

	ACRS	ESG	ITR
COMMERZBANK AG	53%	54	2.7
AXA SA	52%	81	3.6
STANDARD CHARTERED PLC	51%	46	2.9
BBVA	50%	84	2.7
HAMBURG COMMERCIAL BANK	49%	N/A	2.4
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More information on our climate approach is available upon request.

Source: Axiom Alternative Investments based on data from S&P Market Intelligence, Iceberg datalab, internal research | The estimates presented here cannot be compared to other ESG or climate funds as they are based on a proprietary methodology developed by Axiom Alternative Investments. Our methodology relies on third-party data from ESG/Climate data providers that may contain inaccurate or incomplete data. In the event of insufficient data, these providers may resort to estimates and approximations using internal methodologies that may be subjective. As we rely on this data for our investment decisions, such uncertainty can negatively impact portfolio performance.







Risk of loss of capital: the sub-funds do not offer any protection or guarantee. As a result, investors may not be able to fully recover their initial investment.

Operational risk: the risk of losses resulting from inadequate or failed internal processes, people, systems or external events. The occurrence of these risks may cause the net asset value of the fund to fall

Currency risk: as some of the assets may be denominated in currencies other than the reference currency, the sub-fund may be affected by changes in exchange controls or in the exchange rates between the reference currency and these other currencies. For this reason, the sub-fund will systematically hedge against this risk. However, a residual risk remains. These exchange rate fluctuations may cause the net asset value of the sub-fund to fall.

Credit risk: this risk arises from the possibility that an issuer of bonds or debt securities may not be able to honour its payment obligations, i.e. the payment of coupons and/or the repayment of capital at maturity. Such a default may result in a decrease in the net asset value of the sub-fund (including total return swaps or DPSs). This also includes the risk of a downgrade of the issuer's credit rating.

Counterparty risk: A sub-fund that invests in OTC derivatives may be exposed to the risk arising from the creditworthiness of its counterparties and their ability to meet the terms of such contracts. The sub-fund may enter into forward contracts, options and swaps, including CDS, or use derivative techniques, which involves the risk that the counterparty may not meet its obligations under each contract.

Exchange rate: Any investment in equities may involve directly or indirectly an exchange rate risk. While the net asset value of the sub-fund is calculated in its reference currency, the performance of an underlying asset or its components denominated in a currency other than the reference currency will also depend on the exchange rate of that currency. Similarly, the currency other than the reference currency in which an asset of the sub-fund is denominated implies a currency risk for the sub-fund.

Liquidity risk: risk arising from the difficulty or impossibility of selling securities held in the portfolio when necessary and at the price at which the portfolio is valued, due to the limited size of the market or insufficient trading volumes on the market where these securities are usually traded. The realisation of this risk may result in a decrease in the net asset value of the sub-fund.

Use of derivatives: If a sub-fund whose performance is linked to an underlying asset frequently invests in derivatives or securities other than the underlying asset, derivative techniques will be used to link the value of the shares to the performance of the underlying asset. While the prudent use of such derivative techniques may be beneficial, derivatives also involve risks which in some cases may be greater than the risks associated with more traditional instruments. Transaction costs may be associated with the use of such derivatives.

Climate/ESG data risk: The Management Company's ESG integration process relies on third party data from climate/ESG data providers. Data providers may apply different models and use different sources of information, which may contain inaccurate, incomplete or unaudited data. In addition, where data is insufficient, data providers may use internal methods to produce subjective estimates and approximations. Similarly, the Management Company conducts qualitative analysis based on self-reported information, which is generally not audited by a third party. As the portfolio manager bases its investment decisions on this data, this uncertainty in data collection may have a negative impact on the performance of the portfolio.